

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR**

ACTION REFERRAL

TO <i>Singleton/Chravis</i>	DATE <i>1-5-15</i>
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DIRECTOR'S USE ONLY	ACTION REQUESTED
1. LOG NUMBER <i>000155</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prepare reply for the Director's signature DATE DUE _____
2. DATE SIGNED BY DIRECTOR <i>CC: Kost, Dep, CMS file</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prepare reply for appropriate signature DATE DUE _____
	<input type="checkbox"/> FOIA DATE DUE _____
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Necessary Action

APPROVALS (Only when prepared for director's signature)	APPROVE	* DISAPPROVE (Note reason for disapproval and return to preparer.)	COMMENT
1.			
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4.			

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
Atlanta Regional Office
61 Forsyth Street, Suite 4T20
Atlanta, Georgia 30303



DIVISION OF MEDICAID & CHILDREN'S HEALTH OPERATIONS

DATE: December 19, 2014
TO: Region IV State Medicaid Directors
FROM: Jackie Glaze, Associate Regional Administrator
SUBJECT: Sufficiency of Mandatory and Optional Services

RECEIVED

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Department of Health & Human Services
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

We are sharing the below policy with you that provides further clarification on the sufficiency of mandatory and optional services and will serve as formalization of the current State Plan Amendment review practice.

We have developed a standard set of questions for evaluating the sufficiency of both mandatory and optional services for individuals 21 years and older. The purpose of these questions is to provide a consistent framework to determine compliance with Federal regulations at 42 CFR 440.230(b) with respect to the requirement that any service provided under the state plan is "sufficient in amount, duration and scope to reasonably achieve its purpose." This document is intended to clarify the circumstances under which these sufficiency questions are, and are not, required to be asked. We note that CMS and states should be familiar with the entirety of 42 CFR 440.230, which has implications beyond the sufficiency of benefits.

Previously, states that proposed an amount, duration or scope limitation on a mandatory service had to demonstrate that the limitation would meet the needs of at least 90% of the Medicaid population as a whole. This analysis does not depict the potential impact of the limitation on individuals with special health care needs such as pregnant women, elders, and individuals with disabilities. More recently we have modified that approach and this document reflects that modification. We are therefore clarifying that the sufficiency of mandatory services should be demonstrated by ensuring that the proposed limitation meets the needs of at least 90% of beneficiaries in each of the following eligibility groups, based on an analysis of claims data of individuals who have utilized the service (children are not listed here because EPSDT provisions ensure that across-the-board hard limits cannot be applied to children):

- Aged, blind and disabled
- Non-dually-eligible adults, unless the proposed limitation applies to a service in which Medicare is not the primary payer, when the analysis would include dually eligible adults
- Pregnant women
- Parents and caretakers
- Adult expansion group, if applicable

States have significant discretion in the provision of optional Medicaid services, including the ability to define the purpose the service is intended to achieve. However, we are clarifying here that optional services also must be provided in an amount, duration and scope that are sufficient to meet the State's defined purpose. Without meeting this threshold, the service could be meaningless, not meeting the needs of beneficiaries, and not cost effective for state or Federal reimbursement. Therefore states need to ensure the sufficiency of proposed amount, duration or scope limitations on optional services by providing the same data analysis as required for mandatory services, but as applied within the context of the state's defined purpose of the service. Based on the state's defined purpose of the service, limitations on optional services must meet the needs of at least 90% of beneficiaries in each of the eligibility groups listed above who have previously utilized the service. For instance, States looking to provide a dental benefit that relieves pain and prevents infection would need to demonstrate that their proposed dental benefit meets those needs of 90% of beneficiaries within each eligibility group who used the dental benefit.

As a general matter, the sufficiency questions apply when a State plan contains hard limitations on the amount, duration or scope of a mandatory or optional service. The questions also recognize situations when a state may not have appropriate or robust data to demonstrate the sufficiency of the limitation. In those cases, states will be asked to submit alternative documentation to support the sufficiency of the proposed service limitation. This may include a description of the state's process that led to the proposed/existing parameters of the benefit. Funding constraints alone do not justify the imposition of a benefit limit. A limit may be prompted by budgetary constraints, but to be approvable it must meet sufficiency standards. Depending on the limitation and information contained elsewhere in the SPA submission, the questions may need to be tailored to recognize the specific provisions in the SPA and some questions may not be appropriate to every SPA.

The sufficiency questions will be asked in the following circumstances when the State plan contains limitations on the amount, duration and scope of a service that cannot be exceeded with prior authorization or based on a determination of medical necessity by the State:

The sufficiency questions must be asked in the following circumstances:

- State is reducing the amount, duration or scope of a service;
- State is adding a new, limited service to a State plan (e.g., adding a limited scope of adult dental services);
- State is increasing existing coverage but that coverage still contains limits.

The sufficiency questions are not required in the following circumstances:

- The state is completely eliminating a service (in which case questions relating to advance notice to beneficiaries and continuity of treatment must be asked in lieu of sufficiency questions);
- The state is amending a service with no limitations noted or with "soft" limits that can be exceeded through prior authorization or some other process. Although sufficiency questions are not asked, other questions may be needed to confirm the service, such as how providers are educated that prior authorization should be pursued in order to provide services above a soft limit, rather than generating a bill to beneficiaries for services provided above the limit.

In addition, any prior authorization process utilized must not serve as a barrier to accessing needed services, and must be publicized to providers and stakeholders.

To ensure the sufficiency of each benefit provided to Medicaid beneficiaries, we are clarifying that hard limitations (i.e., service caps without a possible override based on medical necessity) encompassing more than one benefit category are not permitted. As CMS has communicated to states proposing aggregate limitations in their state plan, such an approach makes it virtually impossible to measure the sufficiency of each impacted benefit.

With respect to “same page” and “corresponding page” review, we will continue to follow the guidance contained in our letter to State Medicaid Directors dated 10/1/2010 as it applies to coverage; however, we will make determinations about whether to apply the new set of sufficiency questions to those SPAs on a case-by-case basis.

<http://downloads.cms.gov/cmsgov/archived-downloads/SMDL/downloads/SMD10020.pdf>

If you have any questions about the information contained in this memo, you may contact me at Jackie.Glaze@cms.hhs.gov or (404) 562-7417.

Thank you.

Attachment

- 1) **BACKGROUND.** What is the reason for this limitation? If the reason for the limitation is duplication of services, abuse or inappropriate utilization, please provide the evidence that supports this reasoning. What other approaches/initiatives/processes have you tried or considered to address this matter?
- 2) **PURPOSE.** (specific to optional services). What is the clinical purpose of this benefit and will that purpose be achieved even with this limit?
- 3) **DATA SUPPORT- New.** Using claims data within the last 12 months, what percentage of Medicaid beneficiaries who need services included under the benefit would be fully served (i.e., receive all the services they require) under the new limit? For optional services, the question becomes for what percentage of those served would the intended purpose described above be achieved? Please provide this information for the following eligibility groups:
 - a. Aged, Blind and Disabled
 - b. Non-Dually Eligible Adults (for analyses of services for which Medicare would not be primary payer, otherwise the analysis would include dually-eligible individuals)
 - c. Pregnant Women
 - d. Parents/Caretakers /Other Non-Disabled Adults
 - e. Adult expansion group, if applicable; limitations may not circumvent the floor of coverage for Essential Health Benefits (EHBs) as articulated in the commercial plan defining EHBs.
- 4) **DATA SUPPORT- Existing.** With respect to existing limitations and using data within the last 12 months, what percentage of Medicaid beneficiaries utilized the maximum amount of the service? Please provide this information for the following eligibility groups:
 - a. Aged, Blind and Disabled
 - b. Non-Dually Eligible Adults (for analyses of services for which Medicare would not be primary payer, otherwise the analysis would include dually eligible individuals)
 - c. Pregnant Women
 - d. Parents/Caretakers /Other Non-Disabled Adults
 - e. Adult expansion group, if applicable
- 5) **CLINICAL SUPPORT.** If the data requested above is not available, or is not relevant to demonstrating the sufficiency of the limited benefit, please indicate support for this proposed scope of services through clinical literature or evidence-based practice guidelines, or describe your consultation with your provider community or others that resulted in an assurance that this proposed scope of services has meaningful clinical merit to achieve its intended purpose.
- 6) **EXCEPTIONS.** Are there any exemptions to the proposed limitations? If so, how was this exemption determined to be appropriate? Does the state have a process for granting other exemptions if similar circumstances warrant? (e.g., if there is an exemption for individuals with one condition because their needs are greater, is there a process for other individuals with conditions that result in greater needs to request an exemption?) Can additional services beyond the proposed limit be provided based on a determination of medical necessity? That is, will there be an exception or prior authorization process for beneficiaries that require services beyond the limitation?

- 7) **BENEFICIARY IMPACT.** Please describe what will or is likely to occur to beneficiaries who will be impacted by this limitation. If the limit cannot be exceeded based on a determination of medical necessity:
- a. How will those affected by the limitation obtain the medical services they need beyond the stated limits?
 - b. Will beneficiaries be billed and expected to pay for any care that may not be covered? Or, instead will the provider or practitioner be expected to absorb the costs of the provided services?
 - c. Will beneficiaries be reassessed to determine need for the service prior to the plan amendment's effective date?
 - d. If the beneficiary's covered services are being reduced, will the beneficiary be notified of their appeals rights per 42 CFR 431.206?
- 8) **DELIVERY SYSTEM.** Will the proposed limitation apply to services performed through managed care contracts, fee-for-service (FFS) or both? If applied in managed care, indicate whether or not the capitation rates will be adjusted to reflect the change.
- 9) **IMPLEMENTATION.** How will the State be implementing the limit? For example, how will the State be publicizing this limit to beneficiaries and providers in a timely manner that allows decisions on the provision of care to be made in acknowledgement of the limit?
- 10) **TRACKING.** How will the limitation be tracked? Will both providers and beneficiaries be informed in advance so they know they have reached the limit? Please summarize the process.

Note -
Forwarded to all
Depts by Kost -
JAN forwarded to
Shirley Charis
12/29/14
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Pls log = close -
Already sent to
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