

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 1998

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Employment Service Program operates as a free labor exchange where workers and jobs are brought together from local offices located throughout the State. Workers of all skills, professions and types, including veterans, migrant and seasonal farm workers, youth, older workers and the disabled are placed in suitable jobs by the local State Employment Service/Job Service. Special emphasis is given to the job placement of Unemployment Insurance claimants. The Employment Service Program is affiliated with the U.S. Employment Service.

In addition, the Commission maintains a comprehensive Labor Market Information Program. Also, the agency serves as the administering unit for the Job Training Partnership Act as designated by the Governor.

The Commission is granted an annual appropriation for operating purposes as authorized by the South Carolina General Assembly. The appropriation, as enacted, becomes the legal operating budget for the Department. The Appropriations Act authorizes expenditures from the General Fund of the State and authorizes expenditures of total funds.

The Commission, a primary entity, is a Department and part of the primary government of the State of South Carolina. The funds and account groups of the Commission are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina. The three-member commission is elected by the South Carolina General Assembly for four-year terms.

The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to the activities of this entity. The reporting entity operates somewhat autonomously, but lacks full corporate powers. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations and note disclosures of only those transactions of the State of South Carolina, the primary government, that are attributable to the Commission reporting entity defined above.

Fund Accounting

The Commission uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein which are segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into fund types. Accordingly, all financial transactions in the combined statements have been reported by fund type. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide financial accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". The Commission does not have any proprietary funds.