

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR

ACTION REFERRAL

TO <i>Jacobs</i>	DATE <i>1-29-08</i>
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DIRECTOR'S USE ONLY	ACTION REQUESTED
1. LOC NUMBER <i>000397</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prepare reply for the Director's signature DATE DUE _____
2. DATE SIGNED BY DIRECTOR <i>cc: Ms. Forkner, Deps, File copy</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prepare reply for appropriate signature DATE DUE _____
	<input type="checkbox"/> FOIA DATE DUE _____
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Necessary Action

APPROVALS (Only when prepared for director's signature)	APPROVE	* DISAPPROVE (Note reason for disapproval and return to preparer.)	COMMENT
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop S2-26-12
Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850

CENTERS for MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES



Center for Medicaid and State Operations

August 17, 2007

SHO #07-001

Dear State Health Official:

This letter clarifies how the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) applies existing statutory and regulatory requirements in reviewing State requests to extend eligibility under the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) to children in families with effective family income levels above 250 percent of the Federal poverty level (FPL). These requirements ensure that extension of eligibility to children at these higher effective income levels do not interfere with the effective and efficient provision of child health assistance coordinated with other sources of health benefits coverage to the core SCHIP population of uninsured targeted low income children.

Section 2101(a) of the Social Security Act describes the purpose of the SCHIP statute "to initiate and expand the provision of child health assistance to uninsured, low-income children in an effective and efficient manner that is coordinated with other sources of health benefits coverage." Section 2102(b)(3)(C) of the Act, and implementing regulations at 42 CFR Part 457, Subpart H, require that State child health plans include procedures to ensure that SCHIP coverage does not substitute for coverage under group health plans (known as "crowd-out" procedures). In addition, section 2102(c) of the Act requires that State child health plans include procedures for outreach and coordination with other public and private health insurance programs.

Existing regulations at 42 C.F.R. 457.805 provide that States must have "reasonable procedures" to prevent substitution of public SCHIP coverage for private coverage. In issuing these regulations, CMS indicated that, for States that expand eligibility above an effective level of 250 percent of the FPL, these reasonable crowd-out procedures would include identifying specific strategies to prevent substitution. Over time, States have adopted one or more of the following five crowd-out strategies:

- Imposing waiting periods between dropping private coverage and enrollment;
- Imposing cost sharing in approximation to the cost of private coverage;
- Monitoring health insurance status at time of application;
- Verifying family insurance status through insurance databases; and/or
- Preventing employers from changing dependent coverage policies that would favor a shift to public coverage.

As CMS has developed more experience and information from the operation of SCHIP programs, it has become clear that the potential for crowd-out is greater for higher income beneficiaries. Therefore, we are clarifying that the reasonable procedures adopted by States to prevent crowd-out pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 457.805 should include the above five general crowd-out strategies with certain important components. As a result, we will expect that, for States that expand eligibility above an effective level of 250 percent of the FPL, the specific crowd-out

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strategies identified in the State child health plan to include all five of the above crowd-out strategies, which incorporate the following components as part of those strategies:

- The cost sharing requirement under the State plan compared to the cost sharing required by competing private plans must not be more favorable to the public plan by more than one percent of the family income, unless the public plan's cost sharing is set at the five percent family cap;
- The State must establish a minimum of a one year period of uninsurance for individuals prior to receiving coverage; and
- Monitoring and verification must include information regarding coverage provided by a noncustodial parent.

In addition, to ensure that expansion to higher income populations does not interfere with the effective and efficient provision of child health assistance coordinated with other sources of health benefits coverage, and to prevent substitution of SCHIP coverage for coverage under group health plans, we will ask for such a State to make the following assurances:

- Assurance that the State has enrolled at least 95 percent of the children in the State below 200 percent of the FPL who are eligible for either SCHIP or Medicaid (including a description of the steps the State takes to enroll these eligible children);
- Assurance that the number of children in the target population insured through private employers has not decreased by more than two percentage points over the prior five year period; and
- Assurance that the State is current with all reporting requirements in SCHIP and Medicaid and reports on a monthly basis data relating to the crowd-out requirements.

We will continue to review all State monitoring plans, including those States whose upper eligibility levels are below an effective level of 250 percent of the FPL, to determine whether the monitoring plans are being followed and whether the crowd-out procedures specified in the SCHIP state plans are reasonable and effective in preventing crowd-out.

CMS will apply this review strategy to SCHIP state plans and section 1115 demonstration waivers that include SCHIP populations, and will work with States that currently provide services to children with effective family incomes over 250 percent of the FPL. We expect affected States to amend their SCHIP state plan (or 1115 demonstration) in accordance with this review strategy within 12 months, or CMS may pursue corrective action. We would not expect any effect on current enrollees from this review strategy, and anticipate that the entire program will be strengthened by the focus on effective and efficient operation of the program for the core uninsured targeted low-income population. We appreciate your efforts and share your goal of providing health care to low-income, uninsured children through title XXI.

Page 3 - State Health Official

If you have questions regarding this guidance, please contact Ms. Jean Sheil, Director, Family and Children's Health Programs, who may be reached at (410) 786-5647.

Sincerely,

/s/

Dennis G. Smith
Director

cc:

CMS Regional Administrators

CMS Associate Regional Administrators,
Division of Medicaid and Children's Health

Martha Roherty
Director, Health Policy Unit
American Public Human Services Association

Joy Wilson
Director, Health Committee
National Conference of State Legislatures

Matt Salo
Director of Health Legislation
National Governors Association

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